

Tiered Implementation of the Bay TMDL ("Tiered TMDL")

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Tiered Implementation of the TMDL

What

Why

How

What is Tiered Implementation of the TMDL?

Same destination, different journey

Definition

A tiered implementation of the TMDL establishes intermediate term, spatially explicit pollutant load targets that would result in the greatest anticipated benefit to living resources on our way toward attainment of the Chesapeake Bay water quality standards

Chesapeake Bay Water Quality Goals

Designated Use



Water Quality Criteria



TMDL

Aquatic living resources

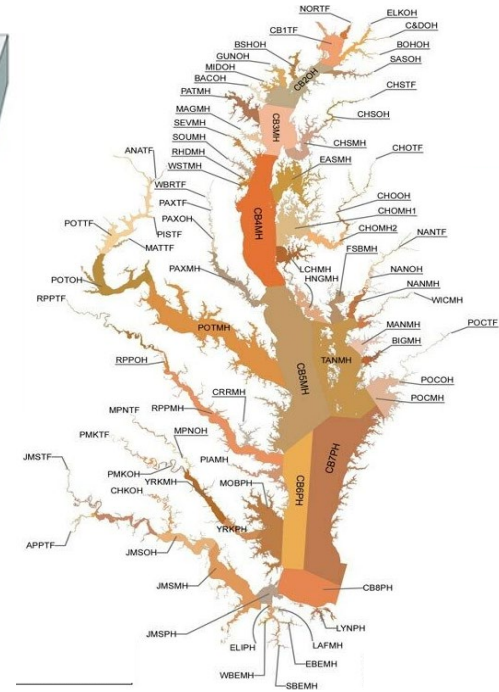
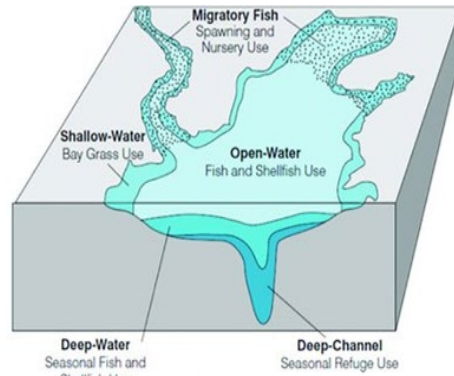


Numeric Criteria within 5 Bay habitats across 92 "segments"

Dissolved Oxygen (DO)
(30 day avg, 7 day avg, instantaneous):

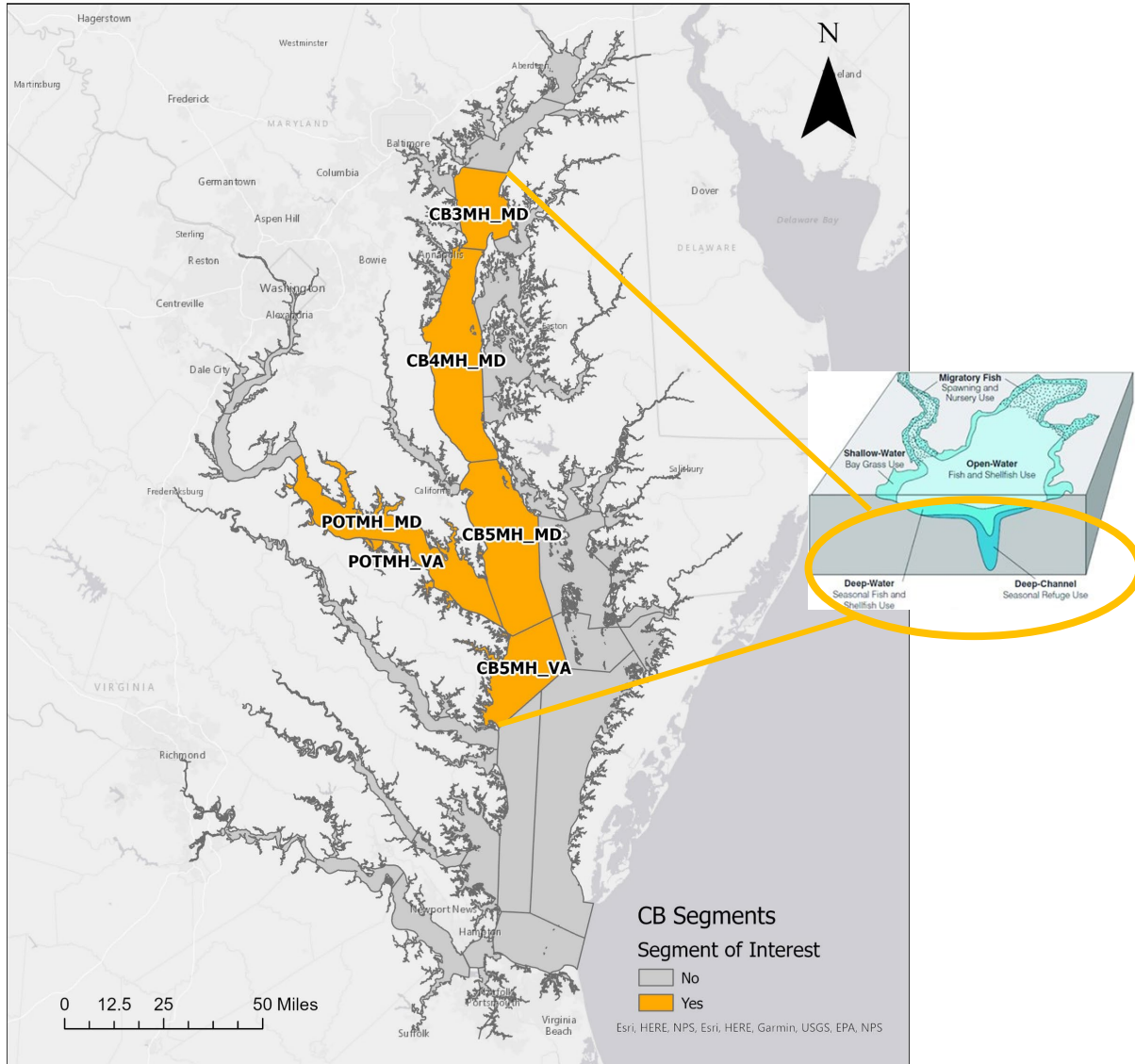
Water Clarity/Aquatic Vegetation

Chlorophyll a (James)



Nitrogen, Phosphorus, & Sediment targets to meet water quality criteria

Existing Approach



Timeline

15 year deadline (with milestones)

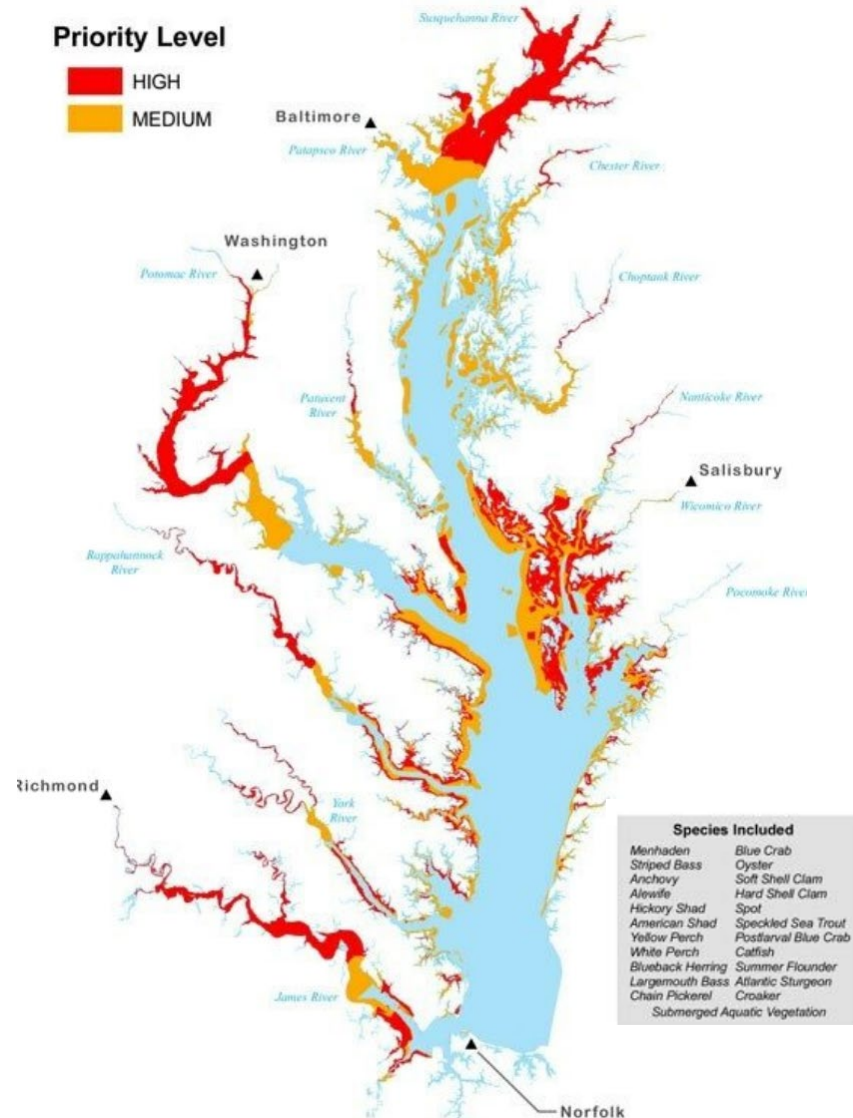
Approach

Nutrient load targets set to 100% WQS, focus on most challenging to achieve: DO criteria in deep water habitats in 4 segments (orange, left).

Nutrient effectiveness across watershed set based on DO impact in deep water main channel (water quality “currency”)

Tiered Approach to Implementation

Example of Prioritization based on potential living resource impact (Source: Chesapeake Bay Program, 2009)



Timeline

Intermediate goal: ex. 10-15 years

Long-term goal: ex. 25-30 years (final goal)

Approach

Intermediate nutrient targets based on living resource potential, while acknowledging:

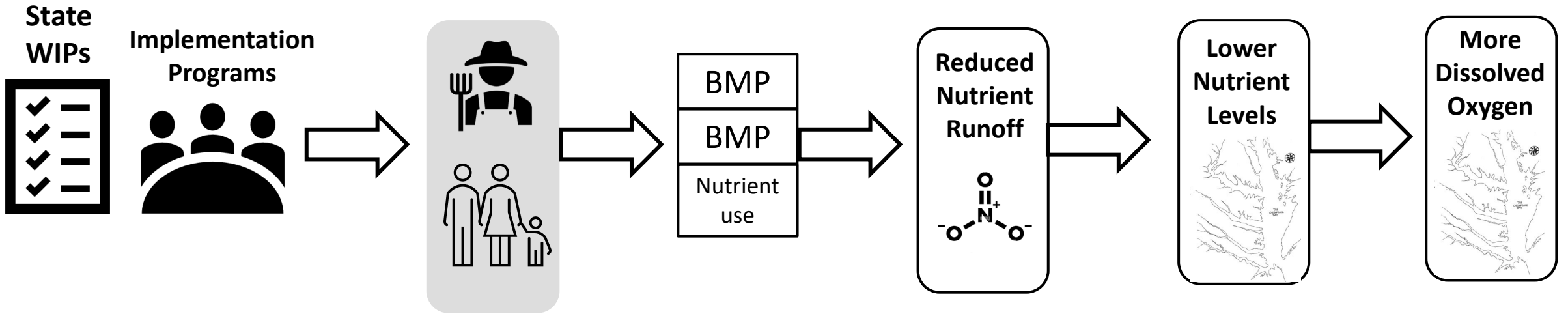
- interdependence across areas (including progress in main channel);
- importance of local, non-WQ living resource factors/stressors.

The “Why” of Tiered Implementation

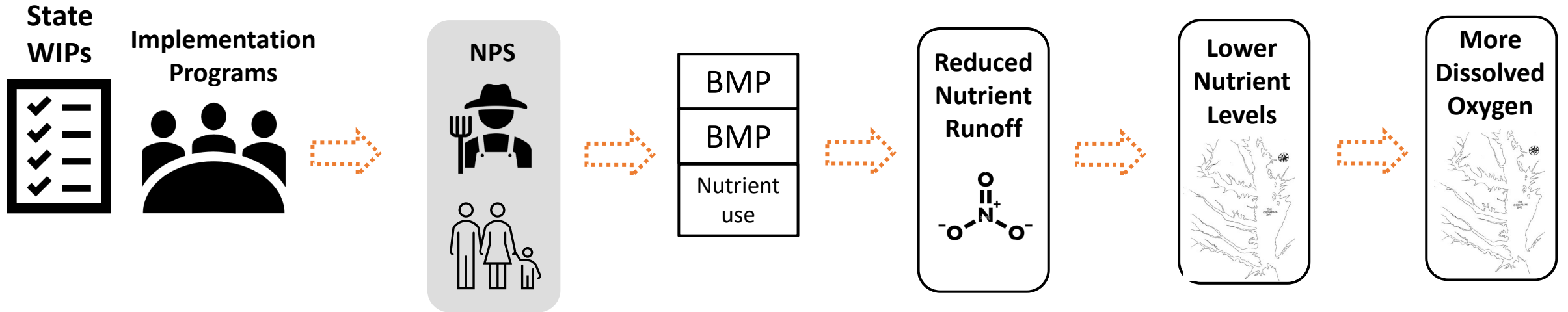
WQ goals are more difficult and costly to achieve than originally anticipated.

Broadening management focus can accelerate improvements in living resource without “full achievement” of WQS

The Water Quality Goal Challenge



The Water Quality Goal Challenge

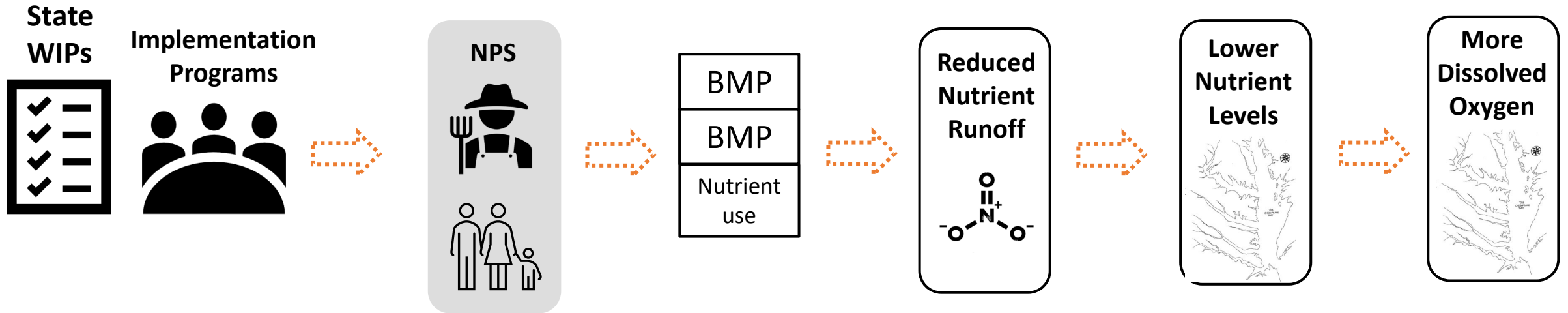


Causal Relationships

Magnitude

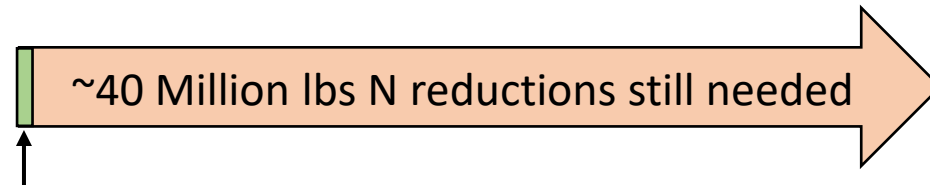
Uncertainty

The Water Quality Goal Challenge



Causal Relationships

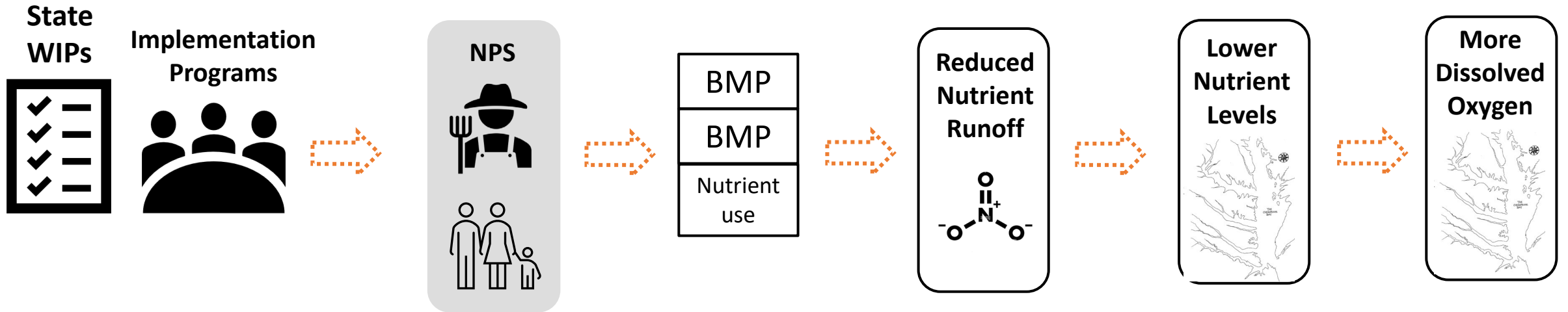
Magnitude



Nonpoint reductions achieved between 2009-2023 (<1 million lbs, modeled loads)

Uncertainty

The Water Quality Goal Challenge

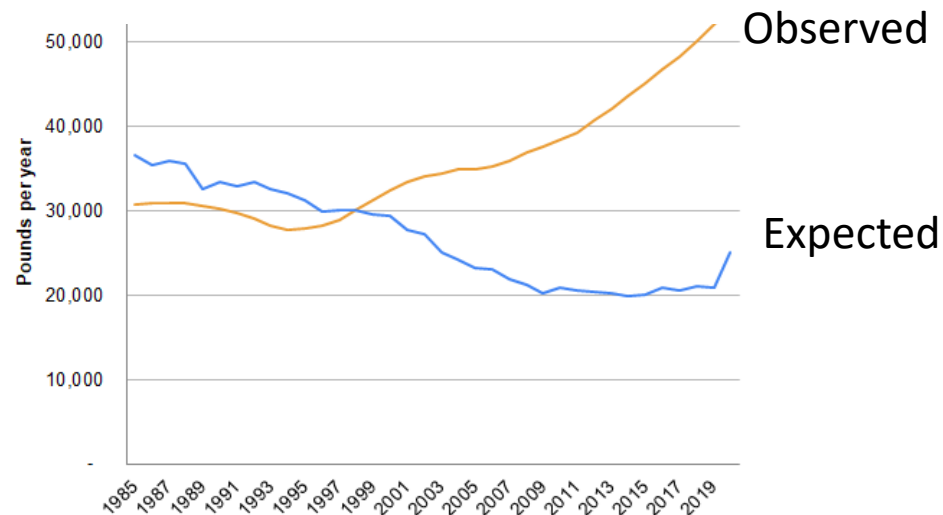


Causal Relationships

Magnitude

Uncertainty

⁶ Total Phosphorus Loads, Choptank



Shifting the Focus of the Journey

Designated Use



Water Quality Criteria



TMDL

Protect aquatic living resources

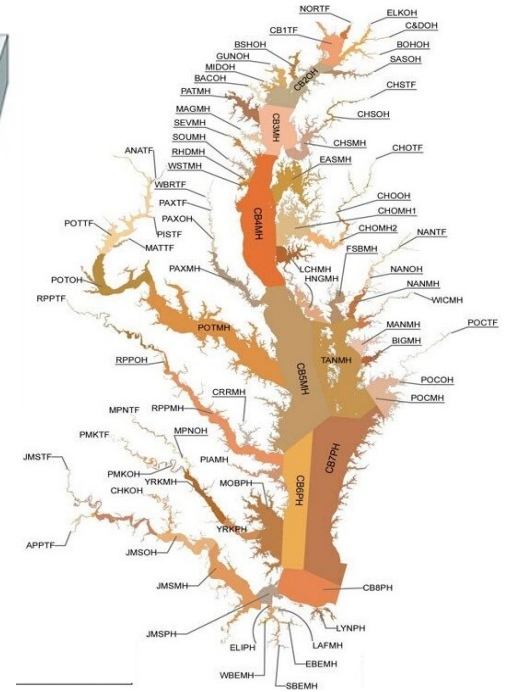
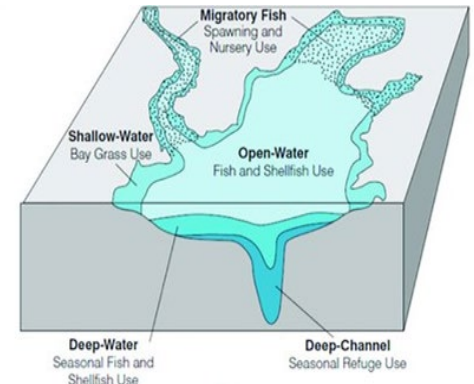
- Striped Bass: 5-6
- American Shad: 5
- White Perch: 5
- Yellow Perch: 5
- Hard Clams: 5
- Alewife: 3.6
- Crabs: 3
- Bay Anchovy: 3
- Spot: 2
- Worms: 1

Numeric Criteria within 5 Bay habitats across 92 "segments"

Dissolved Oxygen (DO)
(30 day avg, 7 day avg, instantaneous):

Water Clarity/Aquatic Vegetation

Chlorophyll a



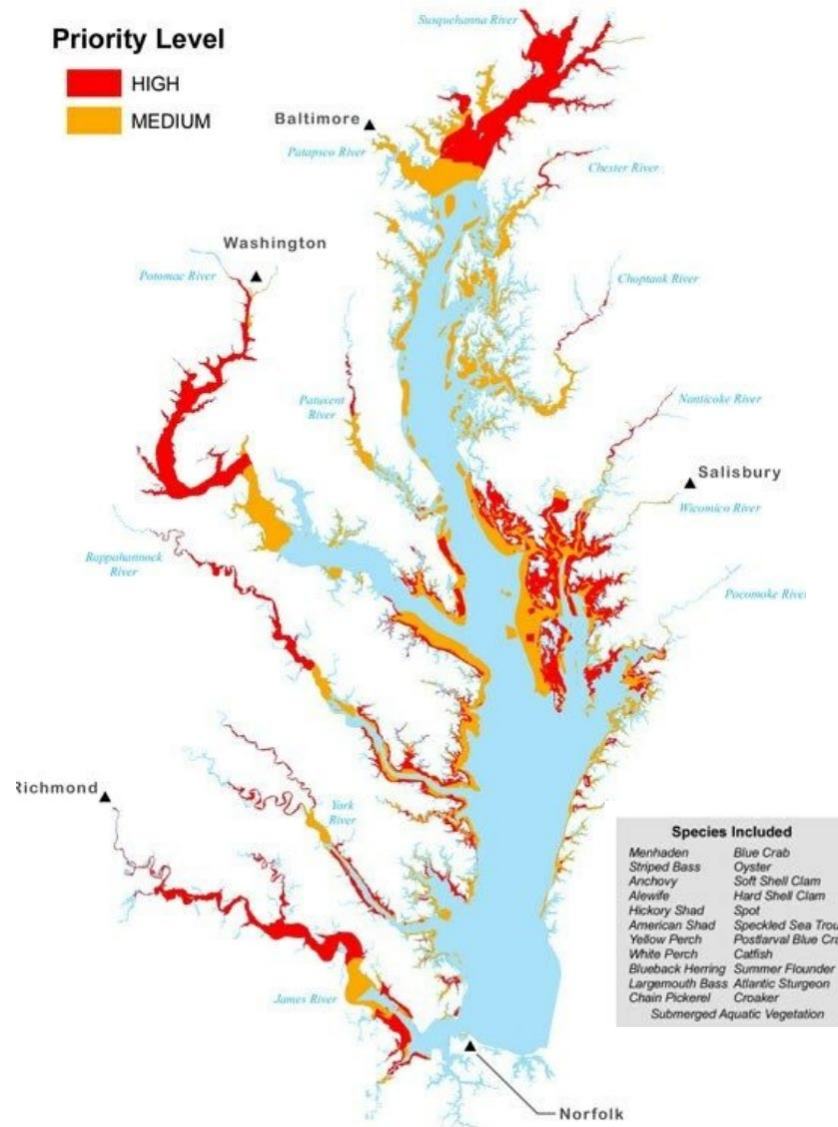
Nitrogen, Phosphorus, & Sediment targets to meet water quality criteria

Summary of the “Why” of Tiered Implementation

Long and arduous journey to the final destination

Do more good along the way

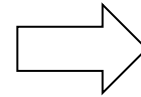
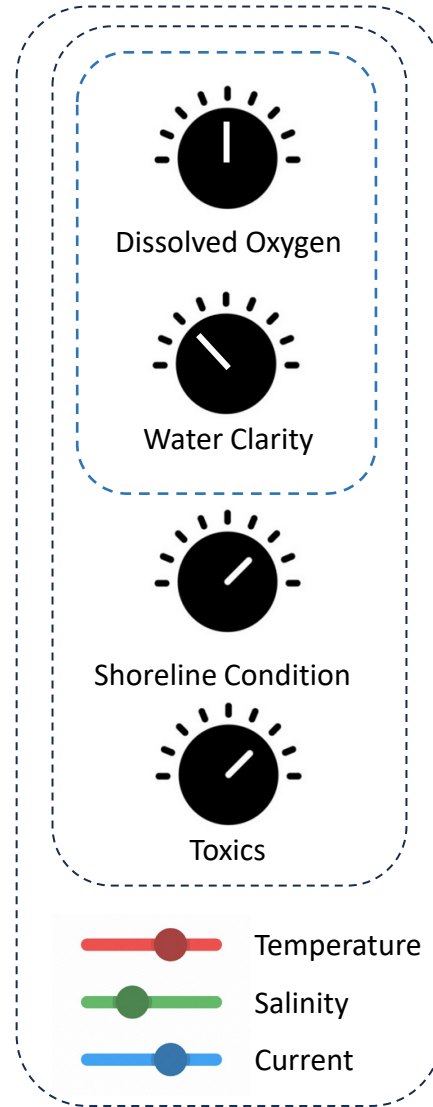
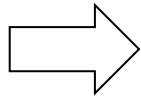
The **How** of Tiered Implementation



Developing
intermediate
goals to
maximize
living resource
response

Factors influencing habitat of Bay Living Resources

Living Resource Habitat Condition in a specific area



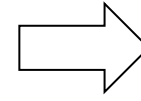
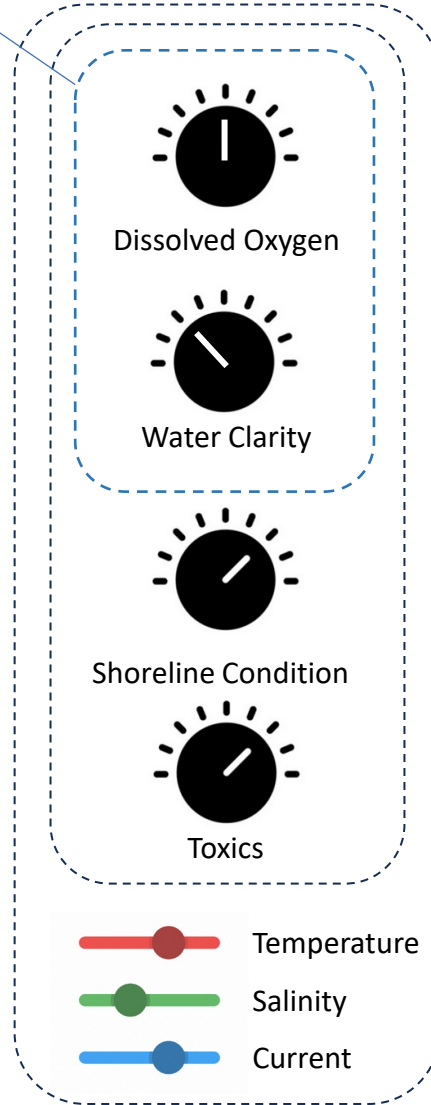
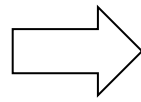
Living resource habitat condition in a specific area



Spatially Focus nutrient reductions
Address Local & Regional influences

Factors influencing habitat of
Bay Living Resources

Living Resource Habitat
Condition in a specific area



Living resource habitat
condition in a specific area



Thank you