Social Science Workgroup Lightning Talks



Leah H. Palm-Forster

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EPSCOR



CENTER FOR EXPERIMENTAL & APPLIED ECONOMICS



Behavioral & Experimental Agri-Environmental Research



My research group



uses economic experiments to analyze resource management and climate change adaptation decisions in coastal contexts.



examines farmer decision making related to nutrient and water management, & adoption of climate-smart practices.



informs the design of costeffective programs that enhance ecosystem services and resilience to hazards exacerbated by climate change.



Award Numbers 2418394 2418395 2418396

Hazards:

- Flooding
- Salinization

Landscapes

- Agricultural
- Residential

SOCIAL SCIENCE



COMMUNITY IMPACT

OUTCOMES

NATURAL SCIENCE





Participating Institutions and Advisors:

U Delaware, U Rhode Island, College of Charleston, U South Carolina, South Carolina Sea Grant Consortium, Rhode Island Sea Grant, Delaware Technical Community College, The Citadel, MainSpring Agency, and a Community Advisory Board with members from each of the partner communities shown above.



Collaborative Research: RII Track-2 FEC:

Risks, Impacts, & Strategies for Coastal Communities (RISCC):

Advancing Convergent Science to Support Climate Change Adaptation & Resilience

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RISCC will advance the assessment of risks and vulnerabilities to flooding and salinization, identify effective adaptation strategies, develop decision support tools based on iterative feedback from our partner communities, and create education and outreach materials that will enhance the capacity of disproportionately affected communities to increase resilience to climate change threats through evidence-based planning and workforce development. RISCC integrates behavioral and natural sciences, engineering, economics, public policy, planning, education, and outreach.

UDaily Link



Emi Uchida (PI)

Co-Pls & Senior Personnel

Samantha Clem. Pinki Mondal Christina McGranaghan, Cherie Conrad, Jon Cox, Kent Messer, Holly Michael, AR Siders, Amy Slocum, Heidi Gurdo (DTCC), Ben Hemmings (Mainspring)



Univ. of Rhode Island

Pengfei Liu (URI) Chris Russoniello (URI) Mehrshad Amini (URI) Eliza Berry (URI) Kim Ohnemus (RI Sea Grant)

Norman Levine (PI) **College of Charleston**



Scott Curtis (The Citadel) Amanda Guthrie (SC Sea Grant) Alicia Wilson (USC) Shu-Mei Huang (SC Sea Grant) Kendra Stewart (CofC) William Veal (CofC)



Christine J. Kirchhoff

Example questions (Q) and methods (M):

- M: interviews and systematic analysis; Q: What factors explain water quality improvement in collaborative governance? Are current water policies climate ready?
- M: EHC, interviews, infrastructure and census data; text analysic,
 Q: What conditions foster resilience and transformation in water infrastructure? Who experiences persistent disruption from underperforming infrastructure?
- M: surveys, interviews; Q: What factors and processes support the production of actionable knowledge and research impact?











LAW, POLICY, AND ENGINEERING

Social Science Workgroup: Member intros



Yusuke Kuwayama

Associate Professor of Public Policy, UMBC Fellow, Resources for the Future

- Associate Professor and Graduate Program Director, School of Public Policy, UMBC
- Fellow, Resources for the Future
- Ph.D., Agricultural and Applied Economics, U. of Illinois





Research methods/approaches

- Nonmarket valuation: Placing dollar values on things that you can't buy in markets—like a 1 mg/L increase in DO.
- **Dynamic/stochastic optimization:** Developing models that can guide how to make decisions in the presence of uncertainty, time lags, and thresholds—given a set of objectives and values.
- Socio-environmental systems modeling: Collaborating with hydrologists and ecologists to represent costs and benefits to humans within integrated models.









Ellen Kohl

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Environmental Justice Governance and Activism

Institutional Environmental Justice Governance

Intersectional Geographies

Lightning Talk on Social Science Connections

John Bovay

Associate Professor, Agricultural & Applied Economics Specialist, Virginia Cooperative Extension



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Chesapeake Bay STAC 5 March 2025

 Traditionally: Developing theories to explain producer and consumer behavior, and the macro/market implications of individuals' behavior

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 - ▶ Sometimes, testing these theories with data

Currently: Economics is a quantitative social science that uses causal inference methods to identify the effects of X on Y, where X and Y are two variables, at least one of which usually has clear relevance to human beings Currently: Economics is a quantitative social science that uses causal inference methods to identify the effects of X on Y, where X and Y are two variables, at least one of which usually has clear relevance to human beings
 Sometimes, it relates to neoclassical economic theory

Food safety inspections

Shaming, stringency, and shirking: Evidence from food-safety inspections

John Bovay 💿

Abstract

This paper examines the responses of chicken producers to public disclosure of quality information (or categorization) regarding Salmonella in chicken carcasses. Producers exert effort to attain better categorization and shirk when failing to meet the thresholds required for better categorization. Public disclosure reduces this shirking effect. However, some producers shirk even under public disclosure when the threshold for disclosure is too stringent. The results suggest that the most effective quality disclosure policies would either disclose continuous (noncategorical) information or impose fines or other sanctions on producers attaining the poorest quality.

DOI: 10.1111/ajae.12480

Food safety example



How do farm decisions, institutions, and market and weather conditions cause gaps between vegetable plantings, harvests, and sales?

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 - ▶ Crop insurance
 - Marketing and production contracts

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Crop insurance

▶ Marketing and production contracts

▶ We link restricted access farm-level data from multiple USDA surveys to create the most comprehensive granular panel data set with information about on-farm food loss and waste How do farm decisions, institutions, and market and weather conditions cause gaps between vegetable plantings, harvests, and sales?

► Crop insurance

▶ Marketing and production contracts

- ▶ We link restricted access farm-level data from multiple USDA surveys to create the most comprehensive granular panel data set with information about on-farm food loss and waste
- ▶ Implications for the environment, resource (land and other input) use, and food prices and affordability

- Alliance to Advance Climate-Smart Agriculture, led by Virginia Tech
 - Large-scale experiment to pay farmers to adopt conservation practices (conditional on continued funding)

Social Science Workgroup: Member Intros



Valerie Were

Social and Behavioral Science Program Analyst

Cooperative Institute for Research In the Atmosphere (CIRA)

Colorado State University

Social Science Expertise: Applied Sociology Methods: Structured and semi-structured interviews, focus groups, participant observation, surveys

Relevance to Physical Science

- Value of environmental observations is realized when negative societal outcomes from hazardous weather and climate events are mitigated
- Must know who uses those data, how they use them, what outcomes are improved, and by how much



Social Science Workgroup: Member Intros

Project: Space Weather Advisory Group (SWAG) User Needs Assessment

"Conduct a comprehensive survey of the needs of users of space weather products to identify the space weather research, observations, forecasting, prediction, and modeling advances required to improve space weather products"

Val's Tasks

- Developed Focus Group Protocols (Script w/ Questions)
- Obtaining Paperwork Reduction Act approval from OMB
- Training SWAG members on collecting information*





*Analysis was done by social scientists

Environmental & Natural Resource Economics

Mission: To understand how environmental policies and natural resource management affect human social and economic well-being

Personnel

Scott Knoche Michigan State U.

Ph.D. Fisheries and Wildlife (Env. & Nat. Res. Econ)

Kehinde Ojo U. Georgia Ph.D. Ag & Applied Econ

Anjali Gulati Georgetown U. M.S. Political Econ

Emily Hoyt Virginia Tech. M.S. Natural Resources



Research Snapshot Research Interests Social Science Survey **Research Methods** Non-Market Valuation **Regional Economic** Salmon **Impact Analysis** Urban Coastal **Urban** Coastal Consumer Anacostia Benefit-Cost & Policy Access Greenspace Preferences Trash TMDL Analysis (MPA) (MDSG) (USDA) (MDE, EPA) **Graduate Students Kristen Jones**

Abubakar Ringim Morgan State Ph.D. Student **Bio-Env. Science**

Morgan State

Ph.D. Student

Bio-Env. Science

Ebram Victoria Morgan State, Ph.D. Student Architecture, Urbanism, and the Built Environment



Alberta Agbede Morgan State **MBA Student**

2 Ways Economics Useful for Chesapeake Bay Program

• Regional Economic Activity (Change in Sales & Employment)

- Helps stakeholders understand changes in economic activity in their specific region
- <u>Knoche recent work</u>: Regional economic impacts of oyster reef restoration resulting from enhanced commercial Fisheries (MD Choptank and VA Middle Peninsula)

• Non-Market Valuation (Willingness to Pay[WTP]; Consumer Surplus)

- Component of Benefit-Cost Analysis
 - Mandated by Federal Agencies (e.g., EPA, USACE depending on nature of project)
- <u>Knoche recent work</u>: Trout Angler WTP for Acid Mine Drainage Remediation (NBPR)

Estimating the Regional Economic Impacts o Restored Oyster Reefs - Choptank River, MD

Coupled Ecological-Economic Model

Tom Ihde Scott Knoche Howard Townsend Giselle Samonte

PEARL

<u>Natural Scientist Alert</u>: Ecological Modeling Outputs an Input into Economic Model



Linking Ecology and Economics



Oyster Reef Restoration Scenarios

